In this regard, two major events have occurred over the past 20 years: Consumption of cigarettes with lower tar has increased and the tumorigenic potential of tar has decreased. Earlier studies have shown that a lower lung and larynx cancer risk exists among long-term smokers of filter cigarettes than among smokers of nonfilter brands. We provide further evidence, encouraging in light of the growing population of lower tar cigarettes.

Wynder E. and Stellman D. Impact of long-term filter cigarette usage on lung and larynx cancer risk: a case-control study. *National Cancer Institute*, Vol. 62, #3, 1979